Managing Partner
Breakfast Roundtable

How to Be a More
Effective Law Firm Leader

August 29, 2012
San Diego, California

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BIOGRAPHICAL PROFILE
– John Remsen, Jr., President

John Remsen, Jr. is widely recognized as one of the country’s leading authorities on law firm leadership, management, marketing and business development. After serving as in-house marketing director at two major law firms, John formed TheRemsenGroup, a consulting firm that works exclusively with law firms to help them develop and implement long-term strategic objectives to improve cohesiveness, performance and profitability. Since 1997, he has worked with over 225 law firms and thousands of lawyers. Most of his clients are mid-size commercial law firms, ranging in size from 15 to 200 lawyers.

John is a frequent speaker and author on law firm leadership and marketing topics. He has spoken at national and regional conferences of the Legal Marketing Association, the Association of Legal Administrators, American Bar Association and numerous state and local Bar associations. His articles have appeared in such well-respected publications as ABA Journal, Asian Lawyer, Florida Bar News, For the Defense, Law Practice Management, Law Practice Today, Lawyers Weekly, Legal Management, Marketing for Lawyers, Marketing the Law Firm, Managing Partner, New York Law Journal, Rainmaker's Review and Wisconsin Lawyer.

John has served on the national Board of Directors of the Legal Marketing Association (LMA) and was President of its Southeastern chapter for three years. Under his leadership, the Chapter was recognized as LMA’s Chapter of the Year in 2001. In addition, he was Executive Editor of Strategies, LMA’s monthly newsletter. He also served on The Florida Bar’s Standing Committee on Advertising for six years and was the only non-lawyer appointed to serve on its 2004 Advertising Task Force.

In 2007, John was appointed to serve as a core member of the ABA’s Law Practice Management Section. In 2008, he was appointed to serve on the ABA’s Education Board. Since then, he has contributed numerous articles to various ABA publications and has been a featured speaker at many ABA meetings and conferences.

Since 2001, TheRemsenGroup has organized and presented The Managing Partner Forum (www.ManagingPartnerForum.org), an unsurpassed networking and learning opportunity for law firm leaders. More than 725 law firm leaders from 600 law firms in 32 states have participated in 20 leadership conferences. Designed exclusively for law firm managing partners, the Forum has expanded from its original geographic base in Florida to such major legal marketplaces as Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Dallas, Houston and St. Louis.

A native of West Palm Beach, Florida, John holds an MBA degree from The University of Virginia (1985) and a Bachelor’s degree in Business Administration from the University of Florida (1980). Prior to attending graduate school, John served as Executive Director of The Florida Council of 100, an organization consisting of Florida’s top CEOs and business leaders.

March 2012
How to Be a More Effective Law Firm Leader
John Remsen, Jr.

HOW TO BE A MORE EFFECTIVE LAW FIRM LEADER

WELCOMING REMARKS
Jarrod Purdon
Manager, Professional Services Marketing
UPS

Today’s Session
- Introductions
- John’s Presentation
- Your Participation
2007-08 MPF Survey Highlights

- Forums in Florida, St. Louis, Atlanta and Houston
- Audience participation technology
- 160 survey participants
- Firms with 10-2,200 lawyers
- 60% had more than 50 lawyers

Characteristics of Today’s Most Successful Law Firms

- Developed list of characteristics of successful law firms
- Based on research conducted by Brand Research and Greenfield Belser
- Asked Forum participants to rate how their firms performed on a 1-5 scale

Lawyer Personalities

- Highly skeptical
- Hate change
- Risk averse
- Love autonomy
- Low reliance
- Low sociability
- High sense of urgency

Source: Dr. Larry Richard - Caliper Profile
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Clear Vision Among Partners

Strong, Committed Leaders

Planning and Implementation

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Subjective Compensation System

- Strongly Agree: 30%
- Somewhat Agree: 25%
- Somewhat Disagree: 15%
- Strongly Disagree: 0%

Succession Plans

- Strongly Agree: 5%
- Somewhat Agree: 20%
- Somewhat Disagree: 30%
- Strongly Disagree: 15%

Diverse Client Base

- Strongly Agree: 0%
- Somewhat Agree: 10%
- Somewhat Disagree: 20%
- Strongly Disagree: 40%
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Lots of Rainmakers

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Capable Administrative Team

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Willing to Make Tough Decisions

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WHAT DO FIRM LEADERS DO?

Job Description

- Yes 62%
- No 30%
- Working On It 6%

Exit Strategy

- Yes 75%
- No 25%
OUR RECOMMENDATIONS TO FIRM LEADERS

Be a Passionate Firm Leader

- Get a job description
- Invest the necessary time
- Lead by example

Encourage and Become a Part of the Planning Process

- Firm-wide strategic plan
- Practice group, individual attorney plans
- Leadership succession plans
- Client succession plans
- Organization succession plans
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Invest in Your Firm’s Future
- Administration
- Technology
- Marketing and Business Development
- Recruiting and Retention
- Non-billable Time

Develop and Implement a Client Feedback Program
- Post engagement questionnaires
- Client site visits (lawyers)
- Formal client audits
- Bring clients into the firm

Promote Internal Communication
- Internal meetings
- Intranet
- Internal newsletter
- Firm retreats
- Teams and groups
Tune In to Profitability
- By client
- By industry
- By practice area
- By office
- By lawyer

Encourage the Firm
to Address Tough Decisions
- Underperforming partners
- Problematic personalities
- Unprofitable clients and practice areas
- Future direction of the firm

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THANK YOU
ENJOY YOUR DAY
THE EVOLVING ROLE OF TODAY'S LAW FIRM LEADER
A GUIDE TO KEEPING PACE

UNDER PRESSURE
LEADING THROUGH THE ECONOMIC STORM

UNWRITTEN RULES
HOW TO CREATE A FIRM-FIRST CULTURE

CASE STUDY
EXPERT ADVICE FOR A FLOUNDERING PRACTICE GROUP

ANNE CASTLE
Lessons in leading from the first female chair of Holland & Hart's Management Committee
BY JOHN REMSEN, JR. We all know that the legal profession has changed dramatically over the past two decades, resulting in a new set of challenges that yesterday's firm leaders never had to confront. There's an oversupply of lawyers. More demanding and less loyal clients. More demanding and less loyal partners and associates. Staggering advances in technology. Tort reform in many jurisdictions. Skyrocketing operating expenses. Mergers and acquisitions and unprecedented competition. Certainly these and other trends have created tremendous pressures for law firm leaders—who must change the way they operate if their firms are to remain viable in the long run.
Yet most aren’t keeping pace. In the midst of all the change, far too many firms haven’t changed much at all. They run essentially the same way they did 20 years ago—like loose confederations of solo practitioners sharing office space.

Why? According to nationally known lawyer-psychologist Dr. Larry Richard and his groundbreaking research on the subject, most lawyers hate change. They also love autonomy and resist rules and structure. They have little patience and want immediate results. They don’t like risk and shun the unknown. So for many firms, it’s easier just to leave things alone.

On the other hand, some firms “get it.” These firms are fundamentally changing the way they do business, with streamlined governance, standardized systems and procedures, strategic plans, and marketing and business development programs. They enforce minimum performance standards for partners and associates. Many are also divesting themselves of low-profit clients and practice groups. They are de-equating underperforming shareholders and asking disruptive lawyers—even those with big books of business—to leave. These firms are emerging as the front-runners in the market because their top levels of leadership have the moxie and vision to make change happen.

The Firm Leader as Change Agent
In today’s most successful law firms, the role of managing partner has evolved significantly, from that of a “caretaker” trying not to rock the boat to that of a dynamic consensus builder and change agent. Today the managing partner is the CEO of a multimillion-dollar entity in a rapidly changing industry and needs to exercise critical leadership skills to set the example for leaders at all other levels of the firm and thus ensure the organization’s success.
Of course, knowing that you need to set the course to success and actually doing it can be difficult, given the press of countless to-dos firm leaders tackle every day. Consider this: Last year The Remsen Group surveyed more than 170 managing partners from firms ranging in size from 10 to 2,200 lawyers. Of those firms, 60 percent had more than 50 lawyers. When they were asked what their most important contributions were in their roles as managing partner, building consensus among shareholders and initiating change topped the list of responses. In contrast, when asked where they spent most of their time, day-to-day administration ate up way too much of it.

We also asked if these managing partners had a job description: 74 percent did not. In addition, 76 percent did not have a clearly defined exit strategy.

What can we take from this? Too many leaders at the top levels of law firms are winging it.

**Steps to More Effective Leadership**

A successful firm leader must be a visionary, a communicator, a negotiator, a coach, a disciplinarian, a cheerleader and a psychologist all wrapped up in one person. Needless to say, it's not an easy job.

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**Codify the Top Leader's Job**

Every managing partner should have a well-defined job description. It should set forth the primary responsibilities of the position, the amount of time required, and how the partner will be compensated for his or her nonbillable contributions. Also, it should account for the fact that a managing partner's time should be spent mostly in the areas of planning, communication and consensus building. Day-to-day administration functions should be delegated to a capable administrator.

**Appoint Strong Group Leaders**

A firm needs strong leadership at all levels. Unfortunately, departments and practice groups are too often led by the most senior lawyer or the lawyer with the biggest book of business when, in fact, that may not be the right person for the job. Passion, commitment and leadership skills are required for these important roles. To help ensure the right people are put in the right positions, department heads, practice group chairs and branch office managing partners need job descriptions, just like the managing partner does.

**Develop a Firmwide Strategic Plan**

The evidence is clear. Firms that have plans outperform those that do not. Planning helps to bring everybody onto the same page, sharing the same vision for the future. Firm leaders have to embrace and encourage the planning process and the plan's implementation at the firm, practice group and individual lawyer levels.

**Build a Firm-First Culture**

Leaders should always encourage and reward a "firm-first" mind-set and attitude among all the firm's members. There are a variety of ways to do this, including through compensation mechanisms, but even simple steps can prove very effective. For example, insist on the term "our" clients instead of "mine" and "yours." Leaders must do everything possible to promote trust, teamwork and fairness within the firm.

**Lead by Example**

Managing partners and practice group leaders cannot be hypocrites. They must "walk the talk" by being first in submitting their individual marketing plans, getting their time records in, mentoring younger colleagues, returning client phone calls and otherwise setting the standard for everyone in the firm.

**Invest in the Future**

According to LexisNexis's 2007 Juris Law Firm Economic Survey, the top performing and most profitable law firms spend more per person than underperforming firms...
do. They are investing in the future. The lesson: Resist the temptation to enhance profitably through cost cutting. That’s a short-term fix. Profitable firms look at long-term impacts.

Groom Successor Leaders
The best leaders are wise enough to identify and mentor a successor for their roles. They give that person important, high-profile assignments so that the firm’s people gain trust and confidence in the successor’s leadership skills well before the torch is actually passed. In addition, managing partners in particular should have a well-defined exit strategy that is communicated to all shareholders.

Be Passionate
They sure don’t teach much about leadership in law schools. But that’s not an excuse for failing to strive to be the best firm leader you can be. There are many intricacies involved in steering a firm toward top performance in times of change. To learn more about them, you should attend leadership conferences and ask your firm for training. Read books and articles. Learn from other managing partners and practice group chairs. It’s important for leaders to demonstrate that they’re devoted to excellence. After all, if the leader isn’t committed, there aren’t likely to be many followers—and the firm will stagnate as a result. Those firms with strong, passionate and committed leaders, on the other hand, will emerge as the most successful law firms of the future.

John Renssen, Jr., (jrensen@therensengroup.com), is President of TheRensengroup, a marketing consulting firm that works with law firms to help them attract and retain the clients they want. He is also the Founder and CEO of The Managing Partner Forum.

LEADING THROUGH THE ECONOMIC STORM

In their recent report “No Chicken Little, The Sky Is Not Falling,” John S. Smock, John W. Sterling and Peter A. Giuliani consider the near- and longer-term future of the legal marketplace—and strategies for firms to implement in response. Here’s their essential advice for leaders.

It takes a steady hand to lead a firm when there is change and turmoil on so many fronts. In addition to the increasing complexity of law as a business, we are facing economic uncertainty, disruptive local and global events, and new leadership in Washington, D.C. The ability to understand the impact on your practice—and change or steady the course as needed—is a critical component of the law firm leader’s role. So what’s a firm leader to do? Here are six key ways to stay strong despite the economic storm and ready your firm to grab new opportunities—because, yes, there is plenty of good news for law firms.

RECOMMITE TO EFFECTIVE MANAGEMENT AT FIRM AND PRACTICE LEVELS.

The evolution that’s been under way at many firms to get to good management practices must be stepped up to a revolution. Many firms still sub-optimize their management effectiveness. The marketplace will not allow it now or in the future.

FOCUS ON EXECUTING THE STRATEGIC PLAN.

That is, do what you said you were going to do and be who you intend to be. A down economy gives a strategically focused firm an opportunity to dramatically improve its position, increase the bonds between the firm and its people and attract people who fit with the firm’s direction. Abandoning the strategy and hunkering down until the storm passes is not the way to deal with this marketplace.

CULL THE PRACTICES.

Now is the time to ensure that the firm’s complement of practices is the complement the firm believes it needs to be successful, now and, very importantly, in the future. This does not mean getting rid of the less-than-profitable practices and only keeping the more profitable ones. It means making conscious decisions about which practices fit the firm’s strategy and will be necessary to meet the needs of the clients it serves and desires to serve in the future. Carrying a non-strategic, underperforming practice serves little purpose in the present economy and could be truly damaging.

CULL THE PEOPLE.

Many firms have underproductive partners and associates who drain resources from what the firm is trying to do and whom it is trying to reward. Now is the time to make those tough but essential decisions about people. Remember, every dollar paid to an unproductive partner above what he or she is worth is a dollar not paid to the productive ones.

FIX THE COMPENSATION PROCESS.

You need to ensure that you reward what’s important to the firm’s survival and prosperity. Associate compensation needs to be changed to reflect varying performance and get out of the socialistic/lockstep environment that currently exists. Partner compensation should also be reviewed and, if needed, adjusted.

INCREASE MARKETING AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT.

Marketing in law firms is too often seen as a cost rather than an investment, and when results do not meet expectations, marketing is cut. But in downturns, effective marketing is even more important than in the good times. Cutting or gutting the marketing program not only won’t work, but it may accelerate downward trends.

John Smock, John Sterling and Peter Giuliani are partners in Smock Sterling Strategic Management Consultants. To read their full report, visit www.smocksterling.com.
With an Eye toward the Future…

Isn’t It Time that Your Law Firm Develops a Strategic Plan?

By John Remsen, Jr.

Today’s law firm can either take charge of its future or sit on the sidelines watching the marketplace change around it.

In corporate America, virtually every successful company has a strategic plan guiding its future. Banks won’t lend money without one. Shareholders and venture capitalists demand them. It gives an organization a competitive advantage.

Ask just about any managing partner or firm administrator whether his or her law firm should have a strategic plan and almost all of them would say “yes.” After all, without institutional direction, the law firm is little more than a collection of sole practitioners sharing office space…or a “hotel for lawyers,” as our friend Bill Flannery likes to say. Yet, according to a recent survey, fewer than 5 percent of the law firms in the United States have such a plan in place.

Why then, do so few law firms have a strategic plan? And what does it take for a law firm to develop and implement one?

What Is a Strategic Plan?
In short, strategic planning is a process, the result of which is a written document that sets forth where an organization wants to go and how it will get there. Many experienced law firm marketers suggest that a law firm’s strategic plan should consider a five-year horizon. It should, among other things, state how big the firm will be, where it will have office locations, what its major practice areas will be, and what its client base will look like.

Once the firm’s partners reach consensus on these big-picture issues, the firm can develop its three-year goals and objectives and then determine the strategies and tactics to achieve them. Strategies and tactics are more short-term in nature. They should be specific, measurable and achievable within a year.

If strategic planning is so important, why do so few law firms have a plan? The reasons vary, but the following obstacles are most common.

Denial that it’s no longer business as usual
Despite everything one reads in The National Law Journal, The American Lawyer and just about every other publication on the legal industry, there is a continuing denial among many attorneys that the business of lawyering has fundamentally changed. Times are good right now and, generally, firms are doing quite well. However, it is the firms that long ago recognized the value of planning that are emerging as the new leaders in the global marketplace for legal services.

Focus on the short term
Strategic planning looks at the future, while most law firms have a very short-term view of the world. Compensation systems often reward today’s billable hour, with little reward for non-billable time invested in the firm’s future. That’s very dangerous—shortsighted, to say the least.

Law firms need to measure and reward those activities—firm governance, associate mentoring and training, and business development—that are necessary to insure the firm’s long-term prosperity.

Difficulty Establishing Consensus among Partners
No doubt, lawyers like their autonomy and tend to resist institutionalization. Many firms like to refer to themselves (with pride) as very democratic institutions. They operate very much like a collection of sole practitioners sharing office space. They want to be left alone. On top of that, there are often very different philosophies among the firm’s owners about the future of the firm. So it’s easier not to talk about it.

Law firms need to measure and reward those activities—firm governance, associate mentoring and training, and business development—that are necessary to insure the firm’s long-term prosperity.

Lack of leadership
Inevitably, the strategic planning process leads to change. And change requires leadership. Often, firm leadership is simply not willing to make the tough (and not always popular) decisions necessary to make the firm a stronger,
more profitable institution in the long run. Managing partners and executive committees must realize that they can’t please everybody.

Failure to implement
There are many firms that have made a half-hearted attempt at strategy planning and, for one reason or another, it has failed. The reasons are many and varied. Nobody seems to have the time to get things done. The plan exists, but it collects dust on a corner shelf. Inadequate resources were allocated to achieve the goals set forth in the plan. Or there was a lack of leadership. Or the plan was too ambitious. Or there was no accountability. And so on and so on.

The common refrain is, “We tried that, but it didn’t work here.” Chances are, the firm went through the motions, but there was never a genuine commitment to make implementation a priority. Without implementation, the planning process can be a frustrating waste of time, effort and money.

Keys to Successful Strategic Planning
Now that we’ve discussed why so many firms have not gotten around to developing a real strategic plan, let’s examine the keys to making it happen.

Establish a sense of urgency
A sufficient number of lawyers in the firm must believe that it is no longer business as usual and that strategic direction is necessary if the firm is to survive and prosper in the years ahead. They must instill and constantly reinforce a sense of urgency that change is necessary.

Commitment from firm leadership
Firm leadership (or at least a critical majority) must have a genuine commitment to develop and implement a strategic plan. Without strong leadership and passionate commitment, it is still “business as usual,” despite the rhetoric. Under these circumstances, the firm’s efforts are doomed to failure.

Involve all partners in the process
At the end of the day, the owners of the firm must buy into and support the plan. By involving each of them in the process through a series of one-on-one meetings and/or in a group brainstorming session, each partner will feel a part of the planning process. The likelihood of success jumps dramatically.

Associates and staff must also buy into the future of the firm. Special programs that enlist their support will add to the plan’s successful implementation.

Keep the plan simple and focused
If the firm is developing its first strategic plan, it should keep the plan simple and focused. Most firms try to take on too much, too fast and wind up accomplishing little. With a realistic plan and by starting slowly, the firm is able to maintain its focus on the most important projects. The firm can always add to the plan later. A law firm is wise to start slow, publicize success and grow from there.

Create a plan that lives and breathes
Once a strategic plan is adopted, it does no good to set it aside, never to be looked at until the following year, if at all. The plan should have a flexible and dynamic instrument. Its principles should be incorporated into the firm’s day-to-day operations. Firm leadership should communicate the goals and objectives of the plan often and in a variety of ways throughout the firm. Make sure everybody has a copy. Review it at internal meetings. Update it often. All important decisions should be considered in the context of the plan. If the firm makes decisions contrary to what is contained in the plan, it needs a new plan.

Establish accountability
Nothing happens without accountability. For most firms, this is best accomplished at monthly meetings of small groups (5–6 individuals) of attorneys, often organized by practice group. There must be a strong group leader and meetings should have an agenda and meeting notes. Assignments must be made and progress must be monitored.

Measure and reward desired behavior
Simply stated, the firm needs to measure and reward desired behavior. If the firm wants its partners to spend time training younger associates, the investment of non-billable time in the firm’s future must be measured and rewarded. If the firm determines that business development is important, it should reward it through recognition, origination credit, and/or by measuring and rewarding effort. Otherwise, behavior changes will not occur. Without incentives (or disincentives), it’s business as usual and there is little change.

Does everybody have a role to play?
There is no right or wrong answer here, but the firm must determine up front if all of its attorneys have a role to play when it comes to investing in the firm’s future. If so, what is the role of each attorney? What about associates? Is it the same for everybody or do we ask different attorneys to take on different responsibilities?

Making it happen
The strategic plan is not an end, in and of itself. It is a process through which a law firm contemplates its future and determines how it will allocate resources to take it where it wants to go.

Without implementation, a strategic plan is worthless. Planning should never replace and distract from the doing part of the equation. Implementation must be given the highest priority.

Conclusion
Many sole practitioners and attorneys at smaller firms seem to think that strategic planning is for larger firms. However, any firm with an eye toward the future can benefit from the process. Planning can help a firm develop consensus on key big-picture issues, promote internal communication within the firm, inspire attorneys to get out and do things they wouldn’t otherwise do, and help the firm allocate its resources more effectively.

With leadership, commitment and a good strategic plan, any firm can develop a profitable practice working with clients it enjoys and in the areas of law if finds most appealing.
Succeeding at Law Firm Leadership: Seven Strategies to Implement Now
By John Remsen, Jr.

The title “Managing Partner” falls short of the mark in describing the work of the law firm leader. “Chief Executive Officer,” in my opinion, is more accurate. Terminology evolves so that some titles no longer reflect their original meaning. Managing partner has become such a term. When a managing partner is named, is the law firm really appointing a “manager” in the corporate sense? A manager, after all, is a caretaker responsible for oversight of a unit or department.

A recent survey on the topic of law firm management and leadership asked those polled to distinguish between a “manager” and a “leader.” Insights that the survey respondents offered included “management is mechanical, while leadership is inspirational” and “the leader sets the direction and the plan, while the manager implements the plan.”

Another survey respondent was more pointed – “Managers implement what leaders want them to do. Most law firm managers want to be loved and not to lead.” Saying that managers want most to be loved may overstate the case. But it does sum up the problem. If a law firm needs vision, inspiration, motivation, cohesion, consensus, direction setting and the establishing of firm-wide goals, it needs strong leadership committed to that work.

The Hard Realities of Leading Lawyers

The hard realities of law firm leadership are apparent. Among them:

- The authority of lawyer management (or leadership) is derived from the willingness of the firm’s partners to be managed (or led);
- Partners perceive themselves as being owners of the firm, having certain prerogatives and independence, not as employees to be managed; and
- Each firm has its own personality and culture, and the management techniques effective in one firm may or may not be successful in another.

In the face of these hard realities, many managing partners retreat into the noncontroversial confines of day-to-day management, putting aside attempts to exercise true leadership. See the attached exhibit for data reinforcing this point.
The Seven Steps to Successful Law Firm Leadership

1) **Create Job Descriptions for Yourself, Your Successor, and Other Firm Leaders.**
Remember, you’re drafting a job description for a CEO, not a manager. Think of your job description as a contract with your partners. At minimum it should delineate the amount of time you will devote to management responsibilities. Your primary responsibilities should include strategic planning, setting the future direction of the firm, cultivating relationships with major clients, and identifying and grooming future firm leaders. To compensate for time lost from your personal practice, the job description should define your pay structure.

2) **Re-define the Role of Practice Group Chair.**
Practice group chairs are too often treated as lions among their prides. Often they are appointed because they are the senior member of the group, or the most effective rainmaker; not the most effective manager, or the best mentor, or the most committed to the success of the firm. Practice group chairs should be elevated to the level of senior management. They should be given the full authority to manage their groups. Practice group leaders need to be chosen based on the ability and the commitment to lead.

3) **Get to Know the Firm’s Client Base Personally.**
No partner should “own” a key, institutional client. Managing partners should reach out to client contacts and underscore the message that the firm – the firm, not only their chosen counsel – are pleased to be of service. Ask the client for feedback; learn the client’s business and the industry; strategize to help the client reach its goals. Do more for the firm’s clients than simply put out fires.

4) **Identify and Hire a Strong Chief Operating Officer.**
If you are going to be an effective leader, or Chief Executive Officer, you have to get the minutiae off of your desk. Delegate day-to-day administrative responsibility to a strong, competent executive director or Chief Operating Officer. This person should head up a team of business professionals and serve as your trusted “second hand” on the leadership team.

5) **Offer Reforms to “Time & Money” Matters.**
You will be asking senior management to take on a more extensive and defined role in the operations of the firm. Adjust the time demands on the executive committee and the practice group leaders to allow for sufficient non-billable time for them to fulfill their management responsibilities. Likewise, adjust the compensation criteria for senior managers to acknowledge the time they must devote to management matters and for the firm-benefitting results that they achieve.
6) **Start (or Re-energize) the Strategic Planning Process.**
A strategic plan is a living document that requires modification and fine-tuning from the first day it is implemented. If you have been selected as the firm’s managing partner, presumably you have a vision of what you want the firm to become, what you want it to achieve. Sell this vision and muster a supporting coalition among the equity partners. You don’t need to win them all over, but you will need an effective critical mass and working majority. With this group at your back, start small and keep the initial goals simple. We at the Managing Partner Forum suggest three or four one-year priority items with sufficient low-hanging fruit to show short-term wins. Consolidate your gains and move forward.

7) **Maintain Your Firm’s Investment in its Future.**
The challenges of launching new initiatives, creating consensus, and moving your firm forward can sometime cause a firm leader to forget about the “little things” that, in the end, may prove to be just as important as greater goals. Don’t forget to implement a first-rate training and associate development program. Here lies the future of your firm. Don’t forget about marketing and business development initiatives. These provide the growth that will finance your firm’s future. Don’t forget about technology upgrades. These are the essential tools that keep your firm on the cutting edge and ahead of the pack. And don’t ignore your successor. Heirs apparent need the opportunity to learn the principles of law firm management.

The old Chinese proverb says that a journey of a thousand miles begins with a single step. Becoming a leader of a law firm is similar. A managing partner must, step-by-step, patiently bring along the uninterested and the doublers and the curmudgeons to join the advocates and the reformers. Bold vision and small steps are the stuff of leadership.

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**About the Author**
John Remsen, Jr. is President and CEO of [The Managing Partner Forum](https://www.ManagingPartnerForum.org), the country’s premiere resource for managing partners and law firm leaders. He is also President of [TheRemsenGroup](https://www.TheRemsenGroup.com), one of the country’s leading consulting firms for mid-size law firms. He can be reached at 404.885.9100 or [JRemsen@ManagingPartnerForum.org](mailto:JRemsen@ManagingPartnerForum.org).
The Managing Partner Forum
Audience Participation Survey Results - 2007-08
160 managing partners of mid-size US law firms

Do You Have a Job Description?

- Yes: 32%
- No: 62%
- Work in Progress: 6%

Source: MPF Audience Participation Surveys – 2007-08
160 managing partners of mid-size US law firms

Do You Have an Exit Strategy?

- Yes: 25%
- No: 75%

Source: MPF Audience Participation Surveys – 2007-08
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What is Your Most Valuable Contribution in Your Role as Managing Partner?

- Build Consensus: 36%
- Focus on Long-Term Strategy: 25%
- Initiate Change: 21%
- Maximize Profitability: 12%
- Day-to-day Administration: 6%

Source: MPF Audience Participation Surveys – 2007-08
160 managing partners of mid-size US law firms

Where Do You Spend Most of Your Time in Your Role as Managing Partner?

- Build Consensus: 45%
- Focus on Long-Term Strategy: 32%
- Initiate Change: 12%
- Maximize Profitability: 5%
- Day-to-Day Administration: 6%

Source: MPF Audience Participation Surveys – 2007-08
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